RI. SE



OSPO = Open Source Program Office



Photo by Romain Vignes | https://unsplash.com/photos/ywqa9IZB-dU

"center of competency for an organization's open source operations and structure" – TODO Group "a cross-functional team to help define and steer an organization's open source management strategy and organizational readiness" – OSPO Alliance

"an institutional organizational construct that supports and accelerates the consumption, creation, and application of Open Source software" – OpenForum Europe





So, what is an OSPO?

- Center of competency and support
- Drives organizational readiness and maturity forward on open source
- Designs and executes an organization's overarching open source strategy
- Provides voice of reason and objectivity on the benefits, risks, and costs of open source and how to balance between
- Supports use, development, and collaboration on open source



Photo by Emily Morter | https://unsplash.com/photos/8xAA0f9yQnE



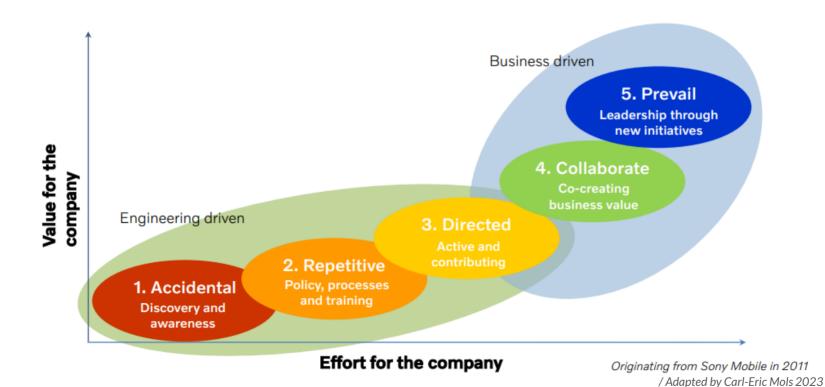
So, what is an OSPO?

- Naming convention not always very well suited for public sector
- Other naming conventions, and structures to be expected
- Focus should be on the supportfunction and competence/resource provisioning needed to solve needs at hand



Photo by Emily Morter | https://unsplash.com/photos/8xAA0f9yQnE

The Open Source Maturity model



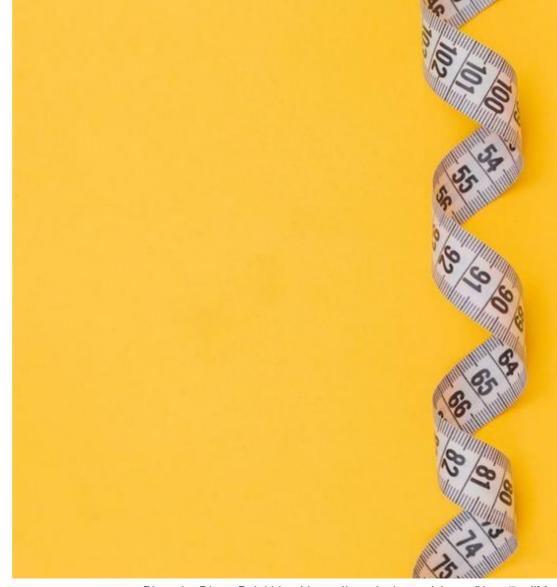


The study

- Mapping of the OSPO landscape in the European public sector (EU + Iceland, Norway, and Lichtenstein
- Characterize the landscape overview through survey
- Gain in-depth knowledge through interviews with 12 diverse cases
- Validate and enrich findings through focus groups
- Commissioned by European Commission's DG DIGIT to OpenForum Europe and RISE through the OSOR project



No one suit fits all...



How are OSPOs organized and structured in public sector organizations?



How are OSPOs structured in industry?

- Sponsor
 - Executive management, Head of Engineering
- Supporting entities
 - Main organization, single/multiple divisions, multiple product teams
- Budget
 - Dedicated, or partial
- Staffing
 - Head of Open Source + dedicated or virtual team



What can we expect in Public Sector?

- Level of Government
 - International, National, Regional, or Municipal
- Sponsor
 - CIO/CDO, Procurement office, General assembly/owners
- Supporting entities
 - Internal operations, External organizations,
 Member organizations
- Budget
 - Dedicated, or partial
- Staffing
 - Head of Open Source + dedicated or virtual team



What are their responsibilities? What support do they provide?



What responsibilites does the OSPO have in industry?

- Develop and execute OSS strategy
- Oversee OSS Compliance
- Establish and improve OSS policies and processes
- Prioritize and drive OSS upstream development
- Collaborate with OSS organizations



What responsibilites does the OSPO have in industry?

- Track performance metrics
- Implement Inner Source practices
- Grow and retain OSS talent inside the organization
- Provide advice and support on OSS
- Manage Open Source IT infrastructure



What can we expect in Public Sector?

- Somewhat similar responsibilities but in different executions and focus, e.g.,
 - Different types of open source strategies, objectives, and risks
 - Collaboration between PSOs inner source within the government
 - Higher focus on consumption, acquisition, and collaboration
 - Procurment and outsourcing of development and technical tasks



What are their challenges? How can they be addressed?



What challenges do OSPOs experience in industry?

- Execute awareness and support
- Finding and recruiting open source developers
- Insufficient budget, program costs
- Internal awareness of the program
- Ability to influence open source projects
- Tracking metrics and performance
- Getting teams on board with compliance and security approaches
- License compliance overhead External awareness (marketing and communications)
- Vulnerability monitoring and remediation
- Tool selection and adoption

(OSPO Survey 2022, The Linux Foundation)



What can we expect in Public Sector?

- Limited resources and knowledge
- Regulatory constraints
- Risk-aversive culture and short-term focus
- Limited understanding and overall support
- Dependency on outsourced and procured technical capacity
- ...
- Where industry was 20 years ago



For more information, visit OSPO corner







